

NAME

clisp – ANSI Common Lisp compiler, interpreter and debugger.

SYNOPSIS

```
clisp [[\-h] | [\-\-help]] [\-\-version] [\-\-license] [\-help\-image]
[\-B $lisp\-lib\-dir$ ] [\-K $linking\-set$ ] [\-M $mem\-file$ ] [\-m $memory\-size$ ]
[\-L $language$ ] [\-N $locale\-dir$ ] [\-E $domain\encoding$ ] [[\-q] | [\-\-quiet] |
[\-\-silent] | [\-v] | [\-\-verbose]] [\-on\-error $action$ ] [\-repl] [\-w] [\-I]
[[\-ansi] | [\-traditional]] [\-modern] [\-p $package$ ] [\-C] [\-norc] [\-i $init\-file...$ ]
[\-c $lisp\-file$ ] [\-o $output\-file...$ ] [\-x $expressions...$ ] [ $lisp\-file$ [ $argument...$ ]]
```

DESCRIPTION

Invokes the **Common Lisp**[1] interpreter and compiler. When called without arguments, executes the *read- $eval$ -print loop*[2], in which expressions are in turn **READ**[3] from the standard input, **EVAL**[4]uated by the lisp interpreter, and their results are **PRINT**[5]ed to the standard output. Invoked with $-c$, compiles the specified lisp files to a platform-independent bytecode which can be executed more efficiently.

OPTIONS

$-h$

$-\text{--help}$

Displays a help message on how to invoke **CLISP**[6].

$-\text{--version}$

Displays the **CLISP**[6] version number, as given by the function

LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION[7], the value of the variable **FEATURES**, as well some other information.

$-\text{--license}$

Displays a summary of the licensing information, the *GNU*[8] *GPL*[9].

$-\text{help-image}$

Displays information about the memory image being invoked: whether is it suitable for scripting as well as the **:DOCUMENTATION** supplied to **EXT:SAVEINITMEM**.

$-B\ lisp\-lib\-dir$

Specifies the installation directory. This is the directory containing the linking sets and other data files. This option is normally not necessary, because the installation directory is already built-in into the **clisp** executable. Directory *lisp-lib-dir* can be changed dynamically using the *SYMBOL-MACRO*[10] **LIB-DIRECTORY**.

$-K\ linking\-set$

Specifies the linking set to be run. This is a directory (relative to the *lisp-lib-dir*) containing at least a main executable (runtime) and an initial memory image. Possible values are

base

the core **CLISP**[6]

full

core plus all the modules with which this installation was built, see Section 32.2, “External Modules”.

The default is **base**.

$-M\ mem\-file$

Specifies the initial memory image. This must be a memory dump produced by the **EXT:SAVEINITMEM** function by this **clisp** runtime. It may have been compressed using *GNU*[8] **gzip**[11].

$-m\ memory\-size$

Sets the amount of memory **CLISP**[6] tries to grab on startup. The amount may be given

as

nnnnnnnn

measured in bytes

nnnnK

nnnnKB

measured in kilobytes

nM

nMB

measured in megabytes

The default is 3 megabytes\ . The argument is constrained above 100 KB\ .

This version of **CLISP**[6] is not likely to actually use the entire *memory*\-size since garbage\-collection will periodically reduce the amount of used memory\ . It is therefore common to specify 10 MB even if only 2 MB are going to be used\ .

\-L *language*

Specifies the language **CLISP**[6] uses to communicate with the user\ . This may be one of **english**, **german**, **french**, **spanish**, **dutch**, **russian**, **danish**\ . Other languages may be specified through the *environment variable*[12] **LANG**, provided the corresponding message catalog is installed\ . The language may be changed dynamically using the *SYMBOL*\-*MACRO*[10] *CUSTOM:****CURRENT**\-*LANGUAGE**\ .

\-N *locale*\-*dir*

Specifies the base directory of locale files\ . **CLISP**[6] will search its message catalogs in *locale*\-*dir*/*language*/*LC_MESSAGES*/*clisp*\.mo\ . This directory may be changed dynamically using the *SYMBOL*\-*MACRO*[10] *CUSTOM:****CURRENT**\-*LANGUAGE**\ .

\-E *domain encoding*

Specifies the encoding used for the given domain, overriding the default which depends on the *environment variable*[12]s **LC_ALL**, **LC_CTYPE**, **LANG**\ . *domain* can be

file

affecting *CUSTOM:****DEFAULT**\-*FILE*\-*ENCODING**

pathname

affecting *CUSTOM:****PATHNAME**\-*ENCODING**

terminal

affecting *CUSTOM:****TERMINAL**\-*ENCODING**

foreign

affecting *CUSTOM:****FOREIGN**\-*ENCODING**

misc

affecting *CUSTOM:****MISC**\-*ENCODING**

blank

affecting all of the above\ .

Warning

Note that the values of these *SYMBOL*\-*MACRO*[10]s that have been saved in a memory image are ignored: these *SYMBOL*\-*MACRO*[10]s are reset based on the OS environment **after** the memory image is loaded\ . You have to use the RC file, *CUSTOM:****INIT**\-*HOOKS** or init function to set them on startup, but it is best to set the aforementioned *environment variable*[12]s appropriately for consistency with other programs\ . See Section 31.1, “Customizing CLISP Process Initialization and Termination”\ .

`\-q`
`\-\-quiet`
`\-\-silent`
`\-v`
`\-\-verbose`

Change verbosity level: by default, **CLISP**[6] displays a banner at startup and a good\–bye message when quitting, and initializes **LOAD\–VERBOSE**[13] and **COMPILE\–VERBOSE**[14] to **T**[15], and **LOAD\–PRINT**[13] and **COMPILE\–PRINT**[14] to **NIL**[16], as per [ANSI CL standard]\. The first `\-q` removes the banner and the good\–bye message, the second sets variables **LOAD\–VERBOSE**[13] and **COMPILE\–VERBOSE**[14] to **NIL**[16]\. The first `\-v` sets variables *CUSTOM:*REPORT\–ERROR\–PRINT\–BACKTRACE**, **LOAD\–PRINT**[13] and **COMPILE\–PRINT**[14] to **T**[15], the second sets *CUSTOM:*LOAD\–ECHO** to **T**[15]\. These settings affect the output produced by `\-i` and `\-c` options\. Note that these settings persist into the *read\–eval\–print loop*[2]\. Repeated `\-q` and `\-v` cancel each other, `e\g\.`, `\-q \-q \-v \-v \-v` is equivalent to `\-v`\.

`\-on\–error action`

Override (or force) the batch mode imposed by `\-c`, `\-x`, and *lisp\–file*, depending on *action*:
PP appease

continuable[17] *ERROR*[18]s are turned into *WARNING*[19]s (with **EXT:APPEASE\–CERRORS**) other *ERROR*[18]s are handled in the default way

debug

ERROR[18]s **INVOKE\–DEBUGGER**[20] (the normal *read\–eval\–print loop*[2] behavior)

abort

continuable[17] *ERROR*[18]s are appeased, other *ERROR*[18]s are **ABORT**[21]ed with **EXT:ABORT\–ON\–ERROR**

exit

continuable[17] *ERROR*[18]s are appeased, other *ERROR*[18]s terminate **CLISP**[6] with **EXT:EXIT\–ON\–ERROR**

See also **EXT:SET\–GLOBAL\–HANDLER**\.

`\-repl`

Start an interactive *read\–eval\–print loop*[2] after processing the `\-c`, `\-x`, and *lisp\–file* options and on any *ERROR*[18] **SIGNAL**[22]ed during that processing\.

`\-w`

Wait for a keypress after program termination\.

`\-I`

Interact better with *Emacs*[23] (useful when running **CLISP**[6] under *Emacs*[23] using *SLIME*[24], *ILISP*[25] et al)\. With this option, **CLISP**[6] interacts in a way that *Emacs*[23] can deal with:

`\h'–04'•\h'+03'`unnecessary prompts are not suppressed\.

`\h'–04'•\h'+03'`The *GNU*[8] *readline*[26] library treats TAB (see TAB key) as a normal self\–inserting character (see Q: A.4.5)\.

`\-ansi`

Comply with the [ANSI CL standard] specification even where **CLISP**[6] has been traditionally different\. It sets the *SYMBOL\–MACRO*[10] *CUSTOM:*ANSI** to **T**[15]\.

`\-traditional`

Traditional: reverses the residual effects of `\-ansi` in the saved memory image\.

`\-modern`

Provides a modern view of symbols: at startup the `*PACKAGE*`[27] variable will be set to the “`CS\COMMON\LISP\USER`” package, and the `*PRINT\-CASE*`[28] will be set to `:DOWNCASE`. This has the effect that symbol lookup is case-sensitive (except for keywords and old-style packages) and that keywords and uninterned symbols are printed with lower-case preference. See Section 11.4, “Package Case-Sensitivity”.

`\-p package`

At startup the value of the variable `*PACKAGE*`[27] will be set to the package named `package`. The default is the value of `*PACKAGE*`[27] when the image was saved, normally “`COMMON\LISP\USER`”[29].

`\-C`

Compile when loading: at startup the value of the variable `CUSTOM:*LOAD\-COMPILING*` will be set to `T`[15]. Code being `LOAD`[30]ed will then be `COMPILE`[31]d on the fly. This results in slower loading, but faster execution.

`\-norc`

Normally `CLISP`[6] loads the user “*run control*” (`RC`)[32] file on startup (this happens **after** the `\-C` option is processed). The file loaded is `\.clisprc.lisp` or `\.clisprc.fas` in the home directory `USER\HOMEDIR\PATHNAME`[33], whichever is newer. This option, `\-norc`, prevents loading of the RC file.

`\-i init\-file`

Specifies initialization files to be `LOAD`[30]ed at startup. These should be lisp files (source or compiled). Several `\-i` options can be given; all the specified files will be loaded in order.

`\-c lisp\-file`

Compiles the specified `lisp\-files` to bytecode (`*.fas`). The compiled files can then be `LOAD`[30]ed instead of the sources to gain efficiency.

`\-o outputfile`

Specifies the output file or directory for the compilation of the last specified `lisp\-file`.

`\-l`

Produce a bytecode `DISASSEMBLE`[34] listing (`*.lis`) of the files being compiled. Useful only for debugging. See Section 24.1.1, “Function `COMPILE-FILE`” for details.

`\-x expressions`

Executes a series of arbitrary expressions instead of a `read\-eval\-print loop`[2]. The values of the expressions will be output to `*STANDARD\-OUTPUT*`[35]. Due to the argument processing done by the shell, the *expressions* must be enclosed in double quotes, and double quotes and backslashes must be escaped with backslashes.

`lisp\-file [argument \.\.]`

Loads and executes a `lisp\-file`, as described in Script execution. There will be no `read\-eval\-print loop`[2]. Before `lisp\-file` is loaded, the variable `EXT:*ARGS*` will be bound to a list of strings, representing the *arguments*. The first line of `lisp\-file` may start with `#!`, thus permitting `CLISP`[6] to be used as a script interpreter. If `lisp\-file` is `\-`, the `*STANDARD\-INPUT*`[35] is used instead of a file.

This option is *disabled* if the memory image was created by `EXT:SAVEINITMEM` with `NIL`[16]:`SCRIPT` argument. In that case the `LIST`[36] `EXT:*ARGS*` starts with `lisp\-file`.

This option must be the last one.

No RC file will be executed.

As usual, `\-\-` stops option processing and places all remaining command line arguments into

*EXT: *ARGS** \.

LANGUAGE REFERENCE

The language implemented is [ANSI CL standard] \. The implementation mostly conforms to the ANSI Common Lisp standard, see Section 31.10, "Maximum ANSI CL compliance" \. [ANSI CL] ANSI CL standard 1994. ANSI Common Lisp standard X3.226–1994 –

Information

Technology \- *Programming Language* \- *Common Lisp* [37]. .SH "USAGE"

help

get context \-sensitive on \-line help, see Chapter 25, Environment [CLHS–25] \.

(**APROPOS** *name*)

list the *SYMBOL* [38]s matching *name* \.

(**DESCRIBE** *symbol*)

describe the *symbol* \.

(exit)

(quit)

(bye)

quit **CLISP** [6] \.

EOF (Control+D on **UNIX** [39])

leave the current level of the *read* \-*eval* \-*print loop* [2] (see also Section 1.1, "Special Symbols [CLHS–1.4.1.3]") \.

arrow keys

for editing and viewing the input history, using the *GNU* [8] *readline* [26] library \.

TAB key

Context sensitive:

\h'–04'•\h'+03'If you are in the "function position" (in the first symbol after an opening paren or in the first symbol after a #\ [41]), the completion is limited to the symbols that name functions \.

\h'–04'•\h'+03'If you are in the "filename position" (inside a string after #P [42]), the completion is done across file names, *bash* [43] \-style \.

\h'–04'•\h'+03'If you have not typed anything yet, you will get a help message, as if by the **Help** command \.

\h'–04'•\h'+03'If you have not started typing the next symbol (i.e. \., you are at a whitespace), the current function or macro is **DESCRIBED** \.

\h'–04'•\h'+03'Otherwise, the symbol you are currently typing is completed \.

FILES

clisp

startup driver (a script or an executable)

lisp \.*run*

lisp \.*exe*

main executable (runtime)

lispinit \.*mem*

initial memory image

config \.*lisp*

site\–dependent configuration (should have been customized before **CLISP**[6] was built); see Section 31.12, “Customizing CLISP behavior”

*\.*lisp*

lisp source

*\.*fas*

lisp code, compiled by **CLISP**[6]

*\.*lib*

lisp source library information, generated by **COMPILE**\–**FILE**, see Section 24.1.3, “Function **REQUIRE**”\.

*\.*c*

C code, compiled from lisp source by **CLISP**[6] (see Section 32.3, “The Foreign Function Call Facility”)

For the **CLISP**[6] source files, see Chapter 34, The source files of CLISP\.

ENVIRONMENT

All *environment variable*[12]s that **CLISP**[6] uses are read at most once\.

CLISP_LANGUAGE

specifies the language **CLISP**[6] uses to communicate with the user\. The legal values are identical to those of the \–**L** option which can be used to override this *environment variable*[12]\.

LC_CTYPE

specifies the locale which determines the character set in use\. The value can be of the form *language* or *language_country* or *language_country.charset*, where *language* is a two\–letter ISO 639 language code (lower case), *country* is a two\–letter ISO 3166 country code (upper case)\. *charset* is an optional character set specification, and needs normally not be given because the character set can be inferred from the language and country\. This *environment variable*[12] can be overridden with the \–**Edomain encoding** option\.

LANG

specifies the language **CLISP**[6] uses to communicate with the user, unless it is already specified through the *environment variable*[12] **CLISP_LANGUAGE** or the \–**L** option\. It also specifies the locale determining the character set in use, unless already specified through the *environment variable*[12] **LC_CTYPE**\. The value may begin with a two\–letter ISO 639 language code, for example **en**, **de**, **fr**\.

HOME

USER

are used for determining the value of the function **USER**\–**HOMEDIR**\–**PATHNAME**[33]\.

SHELL

COMSPEC

is used to find the interactive command interpreter called by **EXT:SHELL**\.

TERM

determines the screen size recognized by the pretty printer\.

ORGANIZATION

for **SHORT**\–**SITE**\–**NAME**[44] and **LONG**\–**SITE**\–**NAME**[44] in *config.lisp*\.

CLHSROOT

for **CUSTOM:CLHS**\–**ROOT** in *config.lisp*\.

IMPNOTES

for **CUSTOM:IMPNOTES**\–**ROOT** in *config.lisp*\.

EDITOR

for `editor`\-name in `config.lisp`\.

`LOGICAL_HOST_host_FROM`

`LOGICAL_HOST_host_TO`

`LOGICAL_HOST_host`

for `CUSTOM:*LOAD`\-`LOGICAL`\-`PATHNAME`\-`TRANSLATIONS`\-`DATABASE*`

SEE ALSO

CLISP impnotes

CMU CL[45] \- `cmucl`(1)

Emacs[23] \- `emacs`(1)

XEmacs[46] \- `xemacs`(1)

BUGS

When you encounter a bug in `CLISP`[6] or in its documentation (this manual page or CLISP impnotes), please report it to the `CLISP`[6] *SourceForge bug tracker*[47]\.

Before submitting a bug report, please take the following basic steps to make the report more useful:

\h'-04' 1.\h'+02'Please do a clean build (remove your build directory and build `CLISP`[6] with `./configure` \-\-`build build` or at least do a `make distclean` before `make`)\.

\h'-04' 2.\h'+02'If you are reporting a “hard crash” (segmentation fault, bus error, core dump etc), please do `./configure` \-\-`with`\-`debug` \-\-`build build`\-`g` ; `cd build`\-`g`; `gdb lisp`\.run, then load the appropriate linking set by either `base` or `full gdb`[48] command, and report the backtrace (see also Q: A.1.1.10)\.

\h'-04' 3.\h'+02'If you are using pre\-built binaries and experience a hard crash, the problem is likely to be in the incompatibilities between the platform on which the binary was built and yours; please try compiling the sources and report the problem if it persists\.

When submitting a bug report, please specify the following information:

\h'-04' 1.\h'+02'What is your platform (`uname` \-`a` on a `UNIX`[39] system)? Compiler version? `GNU`[8] `libc`[49] version (on `GNU`[8]/`Linux`[50])?

\h'-04' 2.\h'+02'Where did you get the sources or binaries? When? (Absolute dates \- like “2006\-01\-17” \- are preferred over the relative ones \- like “2 days ago”)\.

\h'-04' 3.\h'+02'How did you build `CLISP`[6]? (What command, options &c\.)

\h'-04' 4.\h'+02'What is the output of `clisp` \-\-`version`?

\h'-04' 5.\h'+02'Please supply the full output (copy and paste) of all the error messages, as well as detailed instructions on how to reproduce them\.

PROJECTS

\h'-04'•\h'+03'Enhance the compiler so that it can inline local functions\.

\h'-04'•\h'+03'Add Multi\-Threading capabilities, via OS threads\.

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NOTES

1. **Common Lisp**
<http://www.lisp.org>
2. read-eval-print loop
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/sec_25-1-1.html
3. **READ**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_readcm_re_g-whitespace.html
4. **EVAL**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_eval.html
5. **PRINT**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_writcm_p_rintcm_princ.html
6. **CLISP**
<http://clisp.cons.org>
7. **LISP-IMPLEMENTATION-VERSION**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_lisp-impl_tion-version.html
8. GNU
<http://www.gnu.org>
9. GPL
<http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/gpl.html>
10. SYMBOL-MACRO
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/mac_define-symbol-macro.html
11. **gzip**
<http://www.gzip.org/>
12. environment variable
basedefs/xbd_chap08.html
13. **LOAD-VERBOSE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/var_stload-pr_ad-verbosest.html
14. **COMPILE-VERBOSE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/var_stcompile_le-verbosest.html
15. **T**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/convar_t.html
16. **NIL**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/convar_nil.html
17. continuable
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/glo_c.html#continuable
18. ERROR
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/contyp_error.html

19. **WARNING**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/contyp_warning.html
20. **INVOKE-DEBUGGER**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_invoke-debugger.html
21. **ABORT**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_abortcm_c_cm_use-value.html
22. **SIGNAL**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_signal.html
23. Emacs
<http://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/>
24. SLIME
<http://common-lisp.net/project/slime/>
25. ILISP
<http://sourceforge.net/projects/ilisp/>
26. readline
<http://cnswww.cns.cwru.edu/~chet/readline/rltop.html>
27. **PACKAGE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/var_stpackagest.html
28. **PRINT-CASE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/var_stprint-casest.html
29. “COMMON-LISP-USER”
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/sec_11-1-2-2.html
30. **LOAD**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_load.html
31. **COMPILE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_compile.html
32. “run
control” (RC)
<http://www.faqs.org/docs/artu/ch10s03.html>
33. **USER-HOMEDIR-PATHNAME**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_user-homedir-pathname.html
34. **DISASSEMBLE**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_disassemble.html
35. **STANDARD-OUTPUT**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/var_stdebug-i_ace-outputst.html
36. LIST
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/syscla_list.html
37. Information Technology – Programming Language – Common Lisp
http://www.ncits.org/tc_home/j13sd4.htm
38. SYMBOL
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/syscla_symbol.html
39. **UNIX**
<http://www.UNIX-systems.org/online.html>
40. *Win32*
<http://winehq.com/>

41. #'
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/sec_2-4-8-2
42. #P
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/sec_2-4-8-14
43. bash
<http://www.gnu.org/software/bash/>
44. **SHORT-SITE-NAME**
http://www.lisp.org/HyperSpec/Body/fun_short-sit_ng-site-name.html
45. **CMU CL**
<http://www.cons.org/cmuc1/>
46. XEmacs
<http://www.xemacs.org>
47. SourceForge bug tracker
http://sourceforge.net/tracker/?func=add&group_id=1355&atid=101355
48. **gdb**
<http://sources.redhat.com/gdb/>
49. libc
<http://www.gnu.org/software/libc/>
50. *Linux*
<http://www.linux.org/>